Integrated Community Engagement (ICE) Collaborative

County Report:

Fayette County Middle Schools

Fall 2020

Fayette County, West Virginia

Confidential

The ICE Collaborative 2019-2024 is funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention via U48 Collaborative Agreement mechanisms to West Virginia Prevention Research Center within West Virginia University School of Public Health. The authors would like to extend our gratitude to the funder for its generous support. The contents of this report are the sole responsibility of Dr. Kristjansson and Dr. Mann, project Principal Investigators.





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Important

Thank you to the Fayette School District and its schools for being partners committed to preventing substance use and abuse among young people in Fayette County. We appreciate all they have done to support data collection and to help families and community members learn more about what can be done to reduce risk and protect children and adolescents. Although your local school district and schools are playing a central role in this work, it is important to clearly state that this is *not* a school report, but a community report. The report's findings describe what families, communities, peers, and schools can do in partnership to help prevent substance use and abuse among young people. Schools alone are not responsible for any problems described in this report and cannot be solely or primarily responsible for providing the solutions. The findings of this report describe what is happening in the whole community and provides opportunities for the whole community to act together. That said, what your local school district and schools have to done to help the community better understand how to prevent substance use and abuse among young people has been critically important. We appreciate their leadership and hard work, as well as their ongoing commitment to the project. We encourage all members of the community to join us in expressing gratitude for the essential contributions of your local school district and schools.

Introduction

Preventing child and adolescent substance use and risks associated with school drop-out are critical to promote healthy development. A successful approach to such prevention is to work towards strengthening key protective factors and reducing risk factors that operate in the local-community environment of young people. This is the central mission of the Integrated Community Engagement (ICE) Collaborative. Recent evidence in child and adolescent health research suggests that building a strong community around children is the healthiest and most cost-effective way to promote their well-being for the future. However, such a task takes time, effort, and the mutual commitment of key stakeholders in focusing attention on four major domains of the environment surrounding children and adolescents. These major domains are 1) parents and family, 2) the school, 3) friends and peers, and 4) leisure time. All of these are most powerful in the immediate environment of young people, such as their local neighborhood or community.

Research has shown that children and adolescents who are surrounded by positive environments within the four major domains are much less likely to use or consider using legal or illicit substances and to drop out of school. Furthermore, engaging in behaviors in one of the areas greatly increases the risks associated with the other areas. For example, young people who use illicit drugs are also more likely to drop out of school than those who do not use drugs. Dropping out of school is especially problematic, as the most reliable predictors of adult health throughout the lifespan are educational attainment and socioeconomic status (SES) with SES being largely predicted by educational attainment. As such, interventions that successfully delay the onset of adolescent substance use and encourage students to stay in school, contribute to their health and well-being not only in the present, but also for decades to come.

The ICE Collaborative is a holistic prevention approach rooted in the Icelandic Prevention Model which focuses on strengthening protective factors and reducing risk factors for substance use within school-communities. To that end, this report is organized as a tool to promote the collaboration between all concerned community members in the community surrounding Fayette County Middle Schools. The main section of the report includes the results from the 2020 ICE Surveys for Fayette County Middle schools and comparative rates between all schools and the county total. The results section includes 54 Figures and 20 Tables and is divided into the following four main sections:

Section 1: Includes Figures and Tables which concern the rates of substance use, access to substances and age of use onset.

Section 2: Includes Figures and Tables that report on the rates of risk and protective factors for substance use within the four domains of parents/caregivers, peer group, school environment, and leisure time, in addition to a brief section on the local community.

Section 3: Shows how rates of selected risk and protective factors for children in the County across the four major domains of parents/caregivers, peer group, school environment, and leisure time, in addition to local community, are related to substance use outcomes.

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Section 4: Includes Tables that report the frequencies of children knowing someone who was diagnosed with or died from COVID-19 as well as the impacts of COVID-19 on children and their families.

Methods

Participants and procedure

The participants in this study were all accessible and interested students in Fayette County middle schools during the fall semester of 2020. Participation was open to all students but not required for anyone. Out of 718 students enrolled in Fayette County Middle schools in the fall of 2020, 451 or 62.8% participated in the study. Compared to school-based surveys generally and the principles of survey research methodology, the response rates in Fayette County are good.

In Fayette County middle schools, the ICE Collaborative, and potential participation in the study, was first introduced to parents and caregivers through a letter that was sent home with students. Through a passive consent process parents were requested to contact either the County Coordinator for the ICE Collaborative study, or the Principal Investigators, Drs. Kristjansson or Mann by email or office phone to withdraw their children from participation.

A supervising contact agent (SCA) was appointed as the lead on-site person to oversee the data collection using a protocol that was designed and delivered by the ICE Collaborative team at WVU School of Public Health. The data was collected with an online questionnaire in the Qualtrics software and overseen by the SCA and teachers during classroom hours in the fall of 2020. Participation was voluntary, and students were free to answer the survey in whole or in part, to skip any question at will, and to change their mind about participation at any time. The online surveys were carried out inside a computer laboratory in each school and supervised by the SCA and teachers. All aspects of this investigation were reviewed and approved by the West Virginia University Institutional Review Board (protocol # 1406345394R007).

Measures

The measures used in the ICE Collaborative survey broadly cover the main outcome area of substance use, as well as the four risk and protective factor domains; parents/caregivers and family, peers and friends, school, and leisure time, in addition to several measures on community cohesion and trust. Most of the measures used in the surveys originate from national or international surveys such as the annual Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System (YRBSS) conducted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Monitoring the Future survey which is used by the US National Institutes for Health to provide national estimates of substance use among youth, and the European School Survey Project on Alcohol and Drugs (ESPAD) that is conducted every 3-4 years in 35 to 40 countries in Europe. A few measures originate from other sources. In total the ICE Survey questionnaire took students typically less than one full class session to complete.

Results



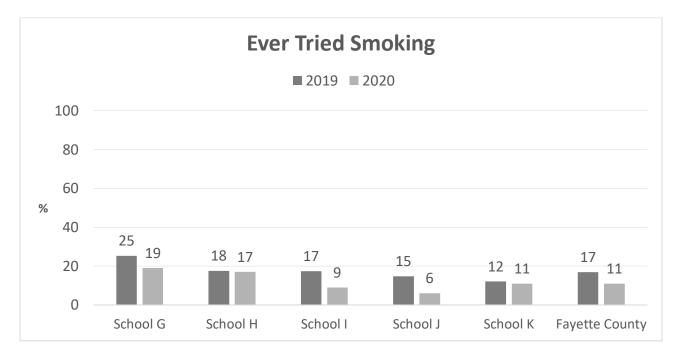


Figure 1. Frequency of students who have ever tried cigarette smoking

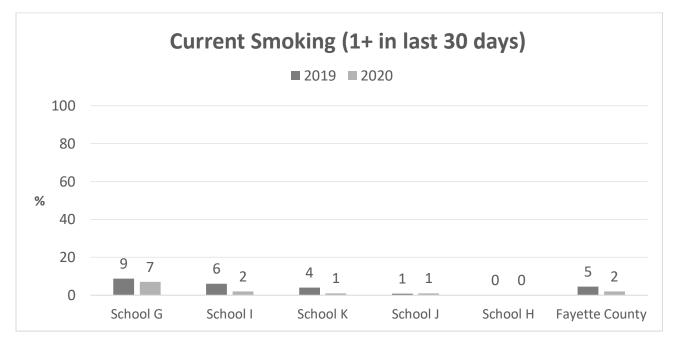


Figure 2. Frequency of students who currently smoke cigarettes

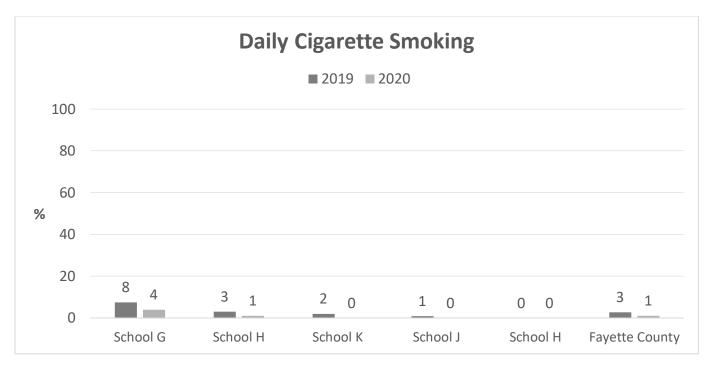


Figure 3. Frequency of students who smoked cigarettes daily during the last 30 days

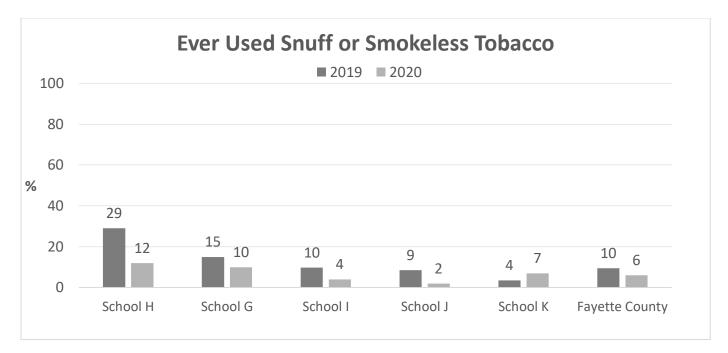


Figure 4. Frequency of students who have ever used snuff, chewing tobacco, or other tobacco inserted in mouth

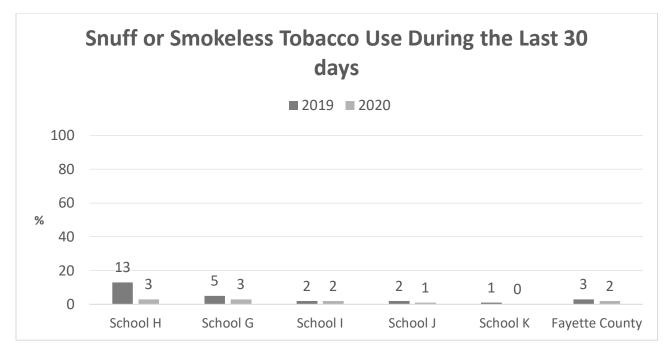


Figure 5. Frequency of students who used snuff, chewing tobacco, or other tobacco inserted in mouth in the last 30 days

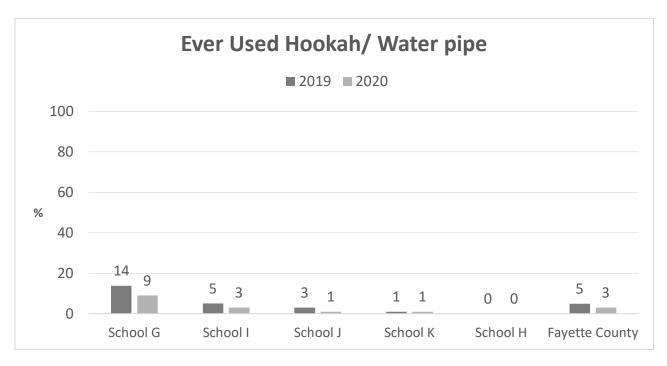


Figure 6. Frequency of students who have ever used a hookah or water pipe

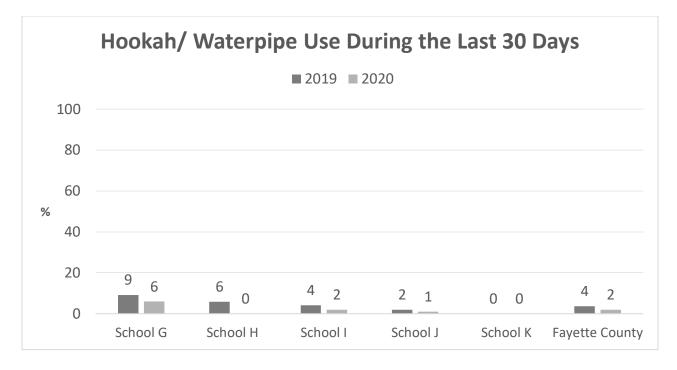


Figure 7. Frequency of students who used a hookah or waterpipe in the past 30 days

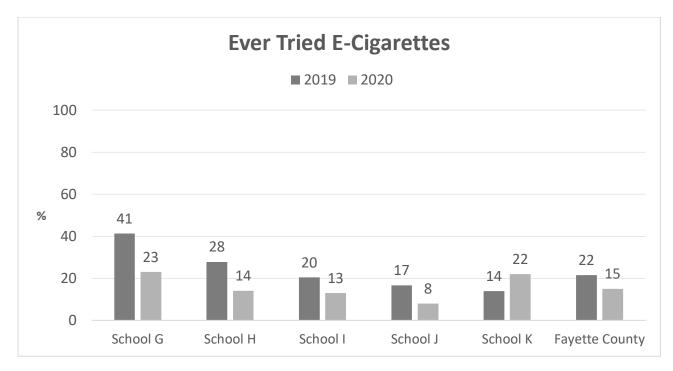


Figure 8. Frequency of students who have ever tried e-cigarettes

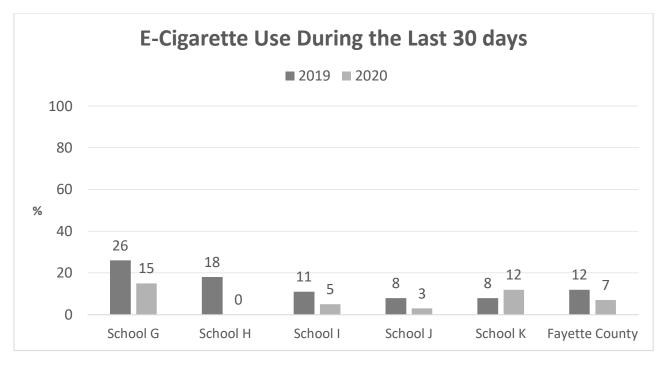


Figure 9. Frequency of students who have used e-cigarettes in the last 30 days

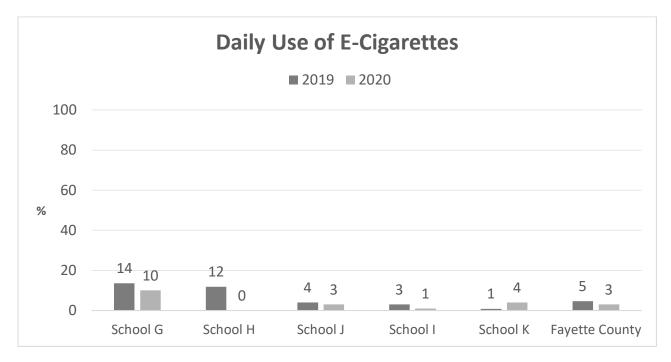


Figure 10. Frequency of students who used e-cigarettes daily

Table 1. How Students Obtain Cigarettes (Sometimes or Often)

Ways students get cigarettes:		ool K %)		ool G %)		ool I %)		ool H %)		ool J %)	-	ette unty %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Buy them in a store	1	1	2	0	3	1	6	0	2	0	2	1
A family member gives them to me	0	0	6	9	5	3	0	0	2	1	3	3
A person 18 years or older and not in my family gives them to me	2	4	15	7	4	1	0	0	5	2	6	2
I take them from a store without paying	2	4	4	1	3	1	0	0	3	0	3	1
I take them from a family member without them knowing	2	6	5	1	5	3	0	0	3	2	4	3

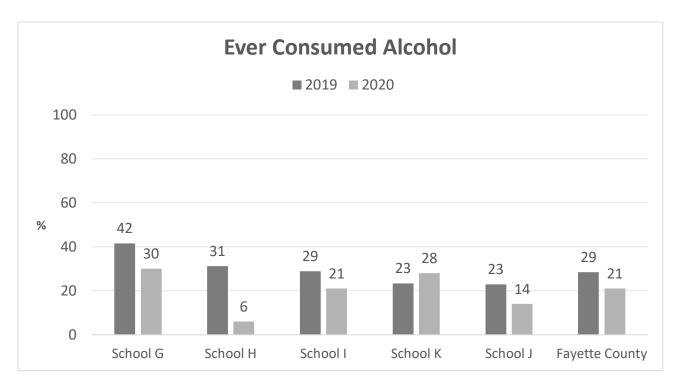


Figure 11. Frequency of students who have ever consumed alcohol

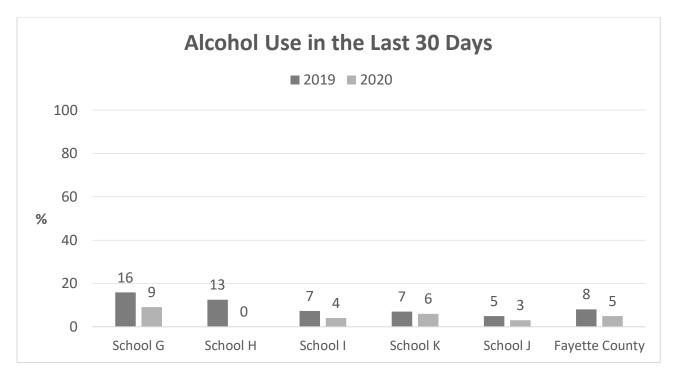


Figure 12. Students who consumed alcohol once or more within the last 30 days

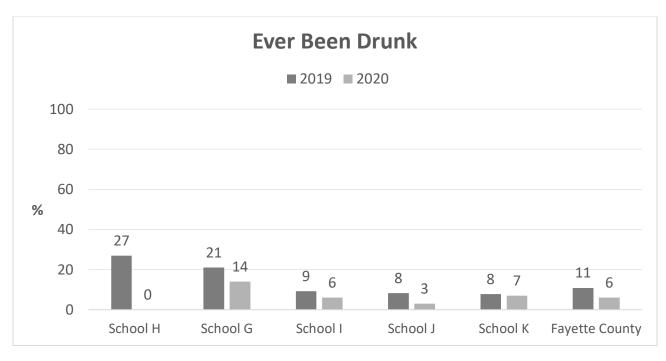


Figure 13: Frequency of students who have ever been drunk

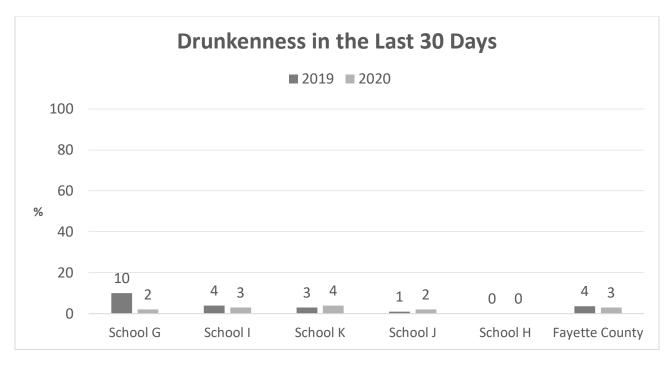


Figure 14: Students who have been drunk within the last 30 days

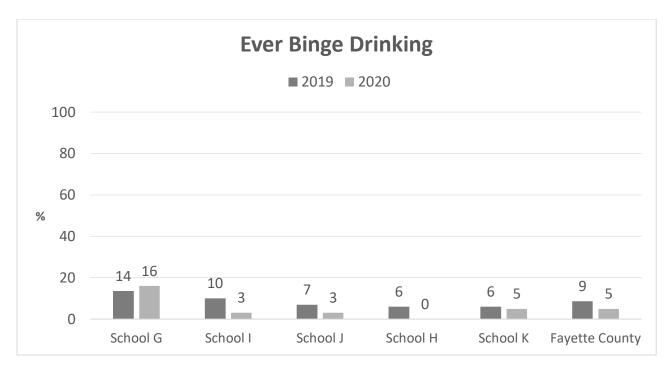


Figure 15: Students who have reported binge drinking (4x+ drinks in 1-2 hours) within the last 30 days

Table 2. How Students Obtain Alcohol (Sometimes or Often)

Ways students get alcohol:		ool K %)		ool G %)		ool I %)		ool H %)		ool J %)	Coi	ette unty %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Buy them in a store	1	1	3	4	3	1	6	0	1	1	2	2
A family member gives them to me	3	1	10	7	4	2	0	0	2	3	4	3
A person 21 years or older and not in my family gives them to me	3	4	9	7	3	3	0	0	3	1	4	3
I take them from a store without paying	2	1	3	1	3	1	0	0	2	0	3	1
I take them from a family member without them knowing	3	5	4	3	4	3	6	0	2	1	3	3

Table 3. Where Students Drink Alcohol (Sometimes or Often)

Locations where students drink alcohol		ool K %)		ool G %)		ool I %)		ool H %)		ool J %)		County %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
In your home	2	2	6	3	4	1	13	0	0	3	3	2
In the home of others	2	5	10	4	6	1	13	0	4	2	5	2
In the shopping centre	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	1
Outdoors: for example in the street, in the park, etc.	2	1	6	1	3	2	0	0	3	0	3	1
In a club/ bar/ pub	1	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
In a school dance/ball	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
In a college dance/ball	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
In a youth club/centre	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
During training or rehearsal tours or camps	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Elsewhere	2	5	9	7	4	3	0	0	3	1	4	3

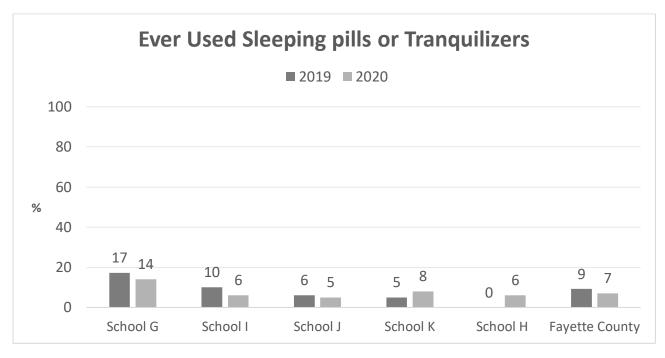


Figure 16: Frequency of students who have ever used sleeping pills or tranquilizer medicine

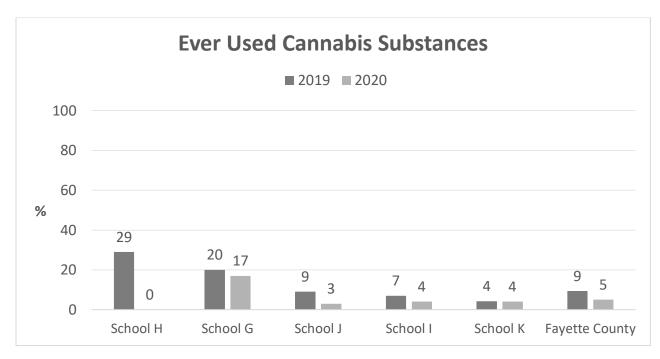


Figure 17: Frequency of students who have ever used cannabis substances

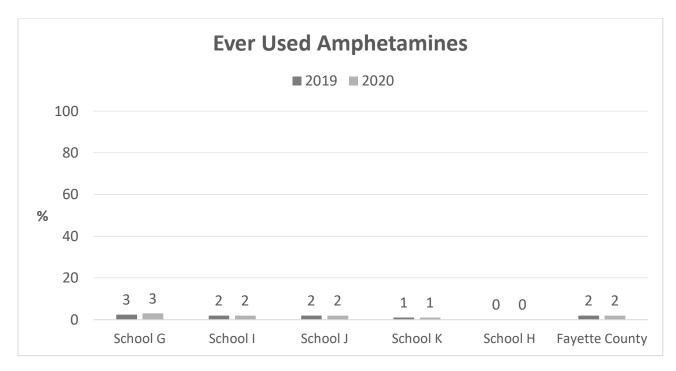


Figure 18: Frequency of students who have ever used amphetamines

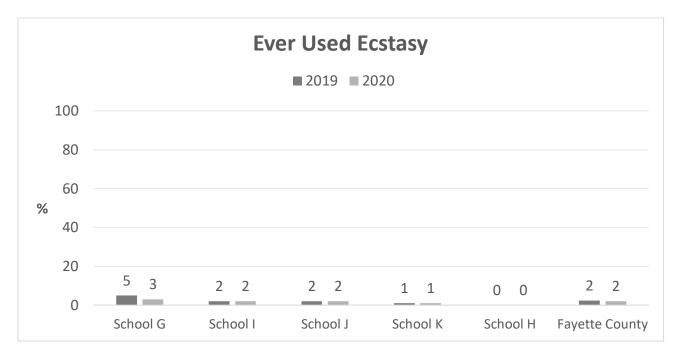


Figure 19: Frequency of students who have ever used ecstasy

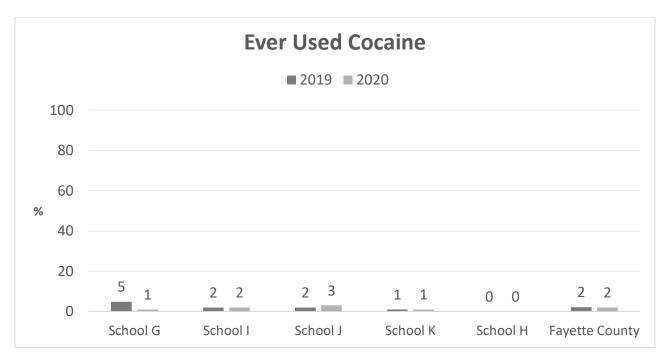


Figure 20: Frequency of students who have ever used cocaine

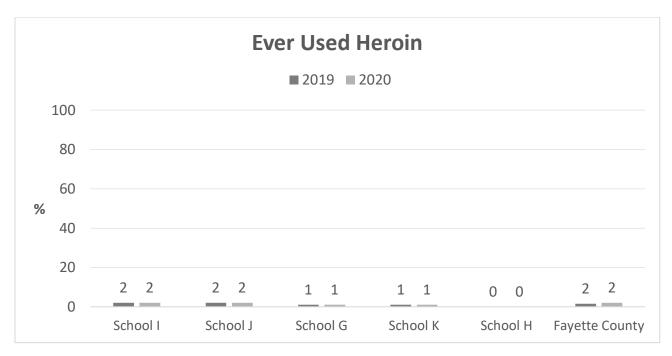


Figure 21: Frequency of students who have ever used heroin

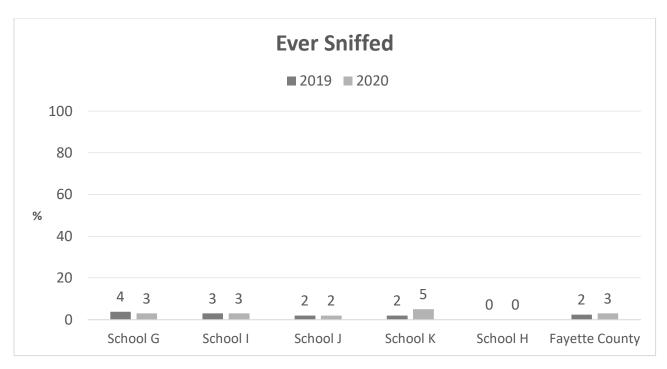


Figure 22: Frequency of students who have ever used sniffing glue

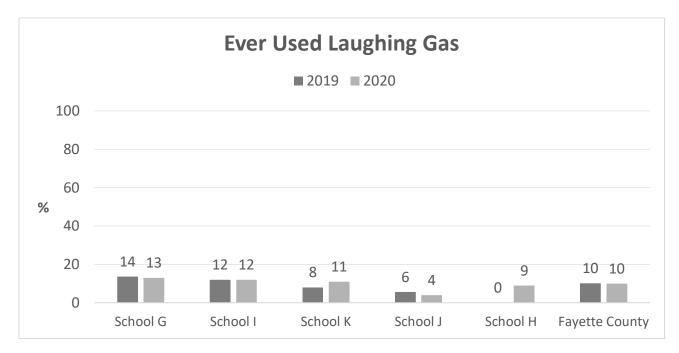


Figure 23: Frequency of students who have ever used laughing gas

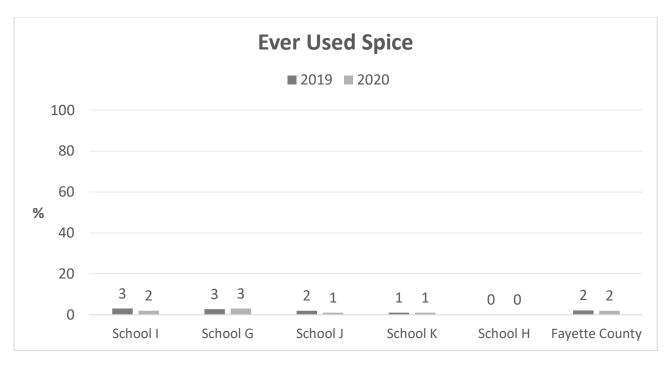


Figure 24: Frequency of students who have ever used spice

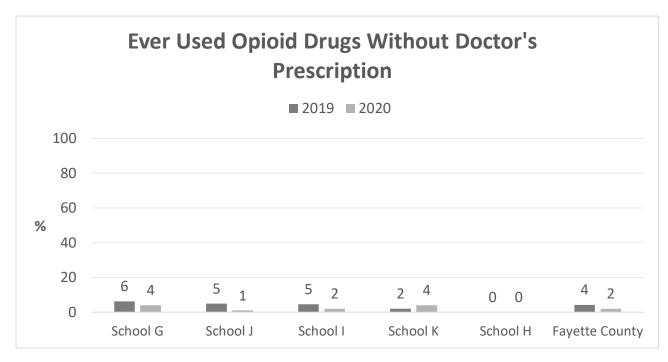


Figure 25: Frequency of students who have ever used opioids without a doctor's prescription

		ool K %)		ool G %)		ool I %)		ool H %)		ool J %)		e County %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Alcohol	21	28	36	31	24	20	39	6	23	16	25	21
Got drunk	5	5	17	11	7	4	17	0	9	3	8	5
Smoked cigarettes	9	10	18	17	14	8	15	14	9	3	13	9
Used e-cigarettes	13	17	34	20	16	10	23	6	11	3	17	11
Cannabis	4	4	15	16	7	3	8	0	9	2	8	5



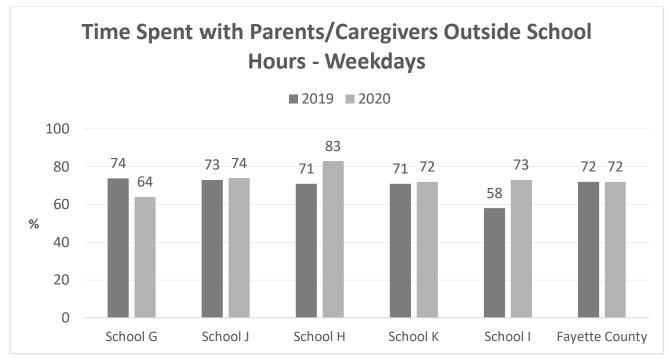


Figure 26. Time spent with parents/caregivers outside school hours on weekdays - "Often" + "Almost Always"

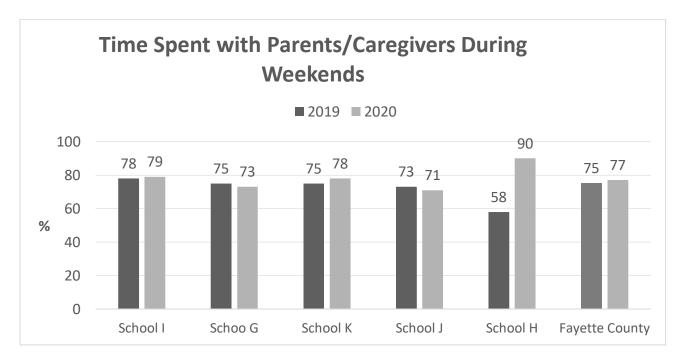


Figure 27. Time spent with parents/caregivers on weekends – "Often" + "Almost Always"

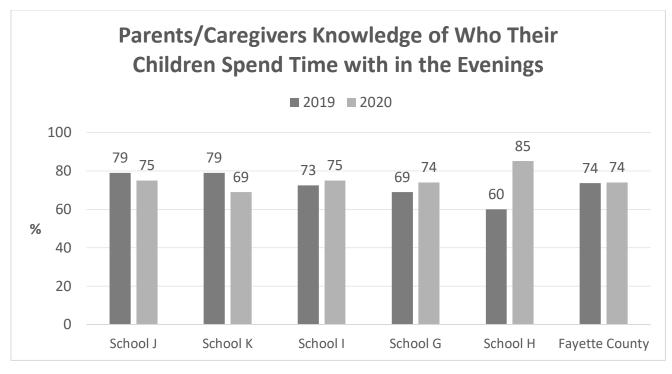


Figure 28. Parents/caregivers know whom I am with in the evenings – "Applies very well to me"

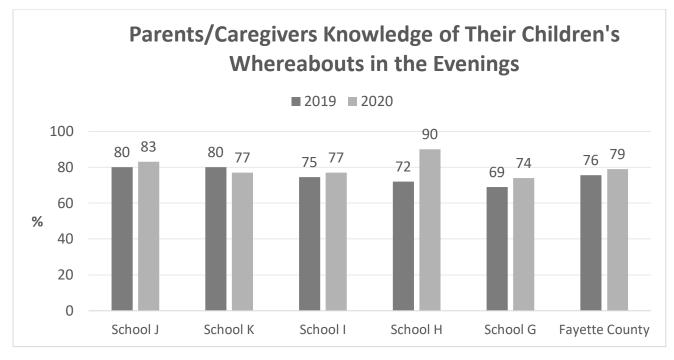


Figure 29. Parents/caregivers knowledge of student location in the evenings – "Applies very well to me"

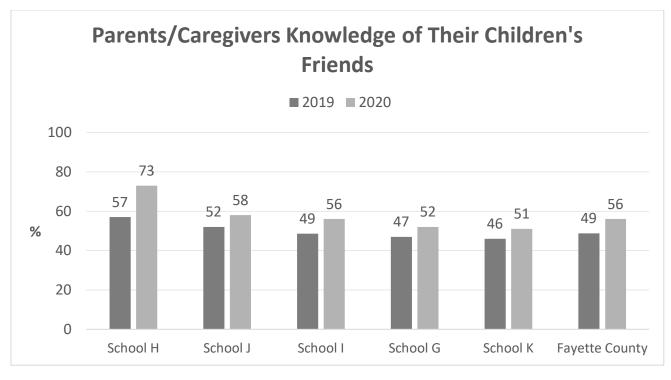


Figure 30. Parents/caregivers knowledge of students' friends – "Applies very well to me"

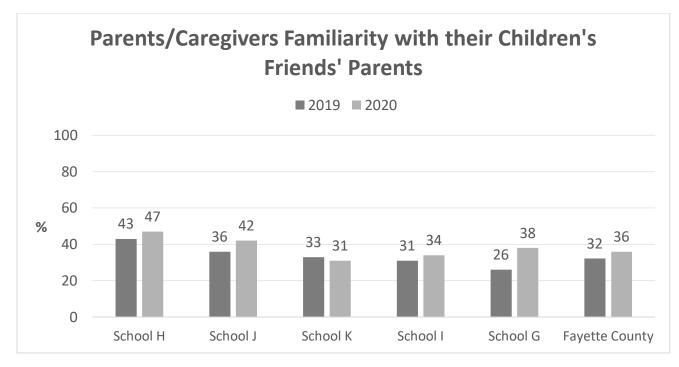


Figure 31. Parent/Caregivers familiarity with students' friends' parents – "Applies very well to me"

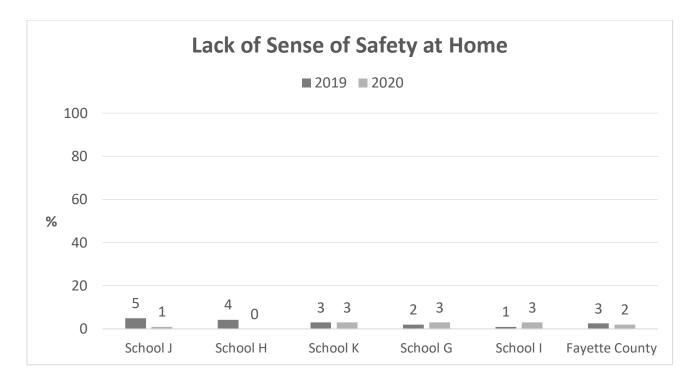


Figure 32. Student feelings of safety at home – "Almost Never" + "Rarely"

		ool K %)		ool G %)	School I (%)		Scho (%		Scho (۶		Fayette (१	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Father	18	24	27	35	28	26	26	31	35	14	27	25
Mother	21	27	41	40	30	27	31	44	35	19	31	28

Table 5. Do Any of the Following People Smoke Tobacco on a Daily Basis? (%)

		ool K %)	Schc (୨		Scho (۶			ool H %)	Scho (୨	uol J %)	Fayette (୨	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Father	2	5	12	5	7	6	14	3	6	1	7	4
Mother	2	5	6	3	5	3	3	0	4	2	4	3

Table 6. Do Any of the Following People Get Drunk at least on a Weekly Basis? (%)

		ool K %)	School G (%)		Scho (%		Schc (۶	ool H %)	Scho (۶	ool J %)	Fayette (%	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Father	2	0	10	10	4	2	6	3	2	1	4	3
Mother	2	1	13	10	3	3	8	0	2	1	4	3

Table 7. Do any of the following people use marijuana at least once per week? (%)

	Scho (%			ool G %)		ool I %)	School H (%)		School J (%)			County %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Smoked Cigarettes	2	2	4	4	2	1	3	0	2	0	2	1
Became Drunk	2	2	7	4	1	2	6	0	2	2	2	2
Smoked Marijuana/Cannabis	2	2	8	8	2	1	8	0	3	0	3	2
Used e-cigarettes or vaping devices	3	3	5	4	3	1	8	0	2	1	3	2
Used snuff, chewing tobacco or other tobacco inserted into the mouth	3	1	0	1	1	1	6	0	1	1	2	1

Table 8. How do you think your parents would react if you did any of the following? (They would not care) (%)

Results: Peer Group

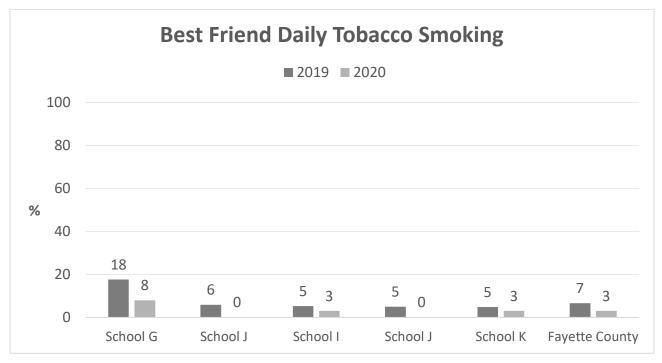


Figure 33. Best Friend Smokes Tobacco on a Daily Basis – "yes"

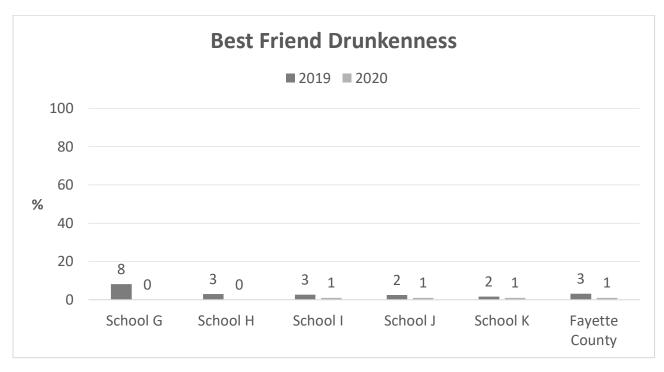


Figure 34. Best Friend Gets Drunk on a Weekly Basis – "yes"

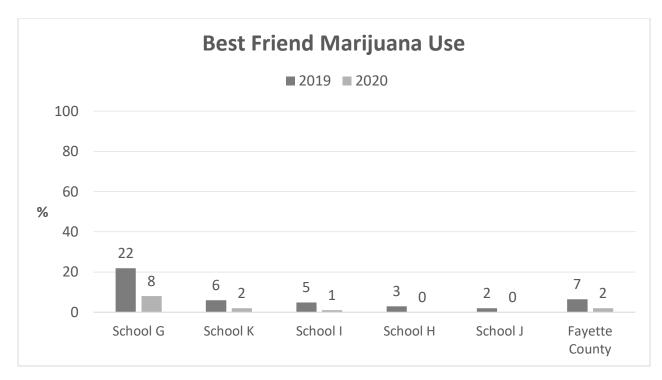


Figure 35. Best Friend Smokes Marijuana on a Weekly Basis – "yes"

		ool K %)		ool G %)		ool I %)		ool H %)	School J (%)			e County %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Smoke Cigarettes	3	0	7	9	4	1	0	3	4	1	4	2
Drink Alcohol Beverages	7	1	12	9	5	1	9	3	3	1	6	2
Get Drunk at Least Once a Week	5	1	8	4	4	0	10	3	4	0	5	1
Smoke Marijuana	5	4	19	10	7	1	10	3	5	0	8	3
Get Bad Grades in School	8	8	12	6	11	7	23	9	10	7	11	7
Skip Classes or School	3	2	5	9	5	3	9	3	5	1	5	3
Get in Trouble at School	10	12	16	9	16	8	5	9	13	4	14	8

Table 9. Friends' substance use and delinquent behaviors ("Most" + "All") (%)

	Scho (9	ool K 6)		ool G %)		ool I %)		ool H %)		ool J %)		e County %)
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Do Well in School	73	70	66	69	66	65	89	77	70	69	69	68
"Skip" or Cut Classes	8	6	17	7	12	11	10	9	14	9	12	9
Do Well in Sports	70	72	60	63	63	59	63	72	68	58	65	63
Drink Alcohol	6	5	14	3	9	4	16	6	9	6	10	5
Smoke Cigarettes	5	4	11	3	10	5	11	6	7	5	9	5
Smoke Marijuana	8	8	13	7	10	6	22	6	9	5	10	6
Be Against the Rules of Adults	10	16	20	4	16	14	11	15	18	7	16	12
Steal from Shops	2	5	8	3	9	4	11	3	7	5	7	4

Table 10. Perceived peer respect for the following activities – ("Increases Respect a lot" + "Increases Respect Somewhat") (%)

Results: School

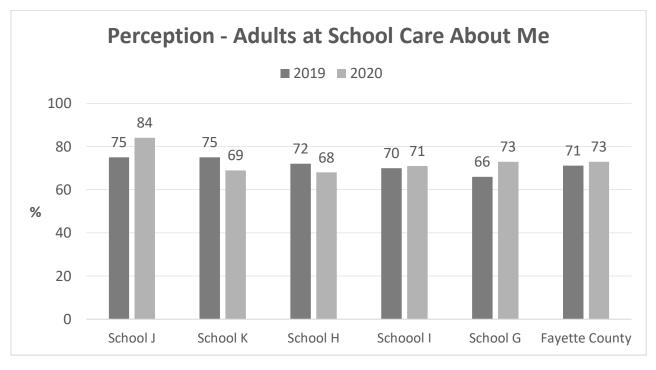


Figure 36. Perception that adults at my school care about me – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

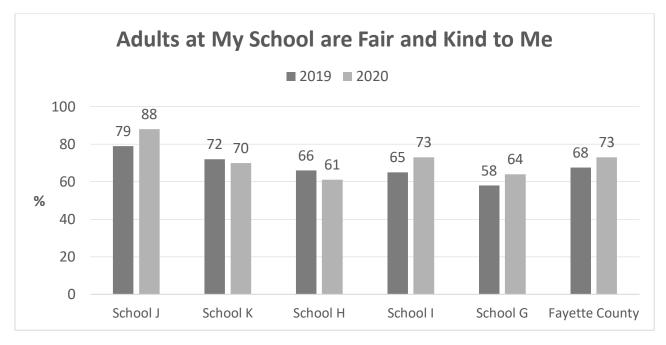


Figure 37. The adults at my school are fair and kind to me – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

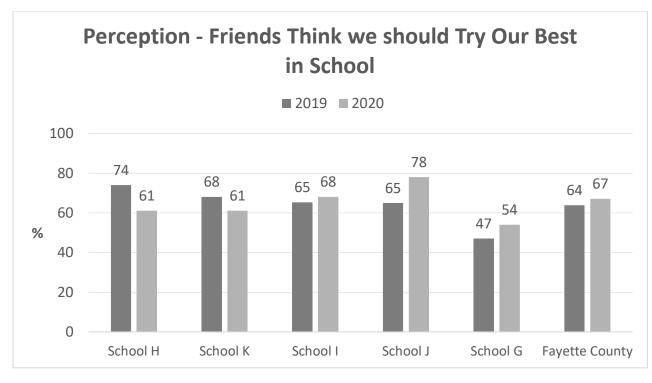


Figure 38. My friends think we should try our best in school – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

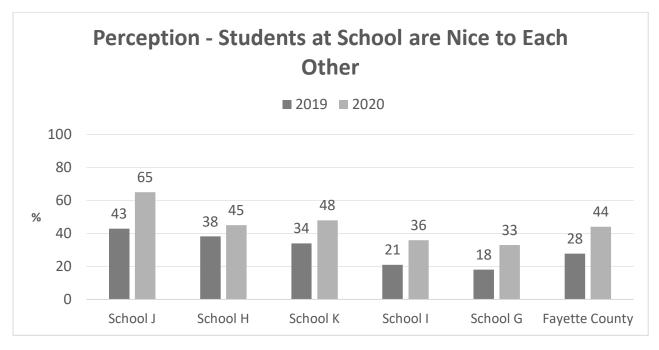


Figure 39. The students at my school are nice to each other – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

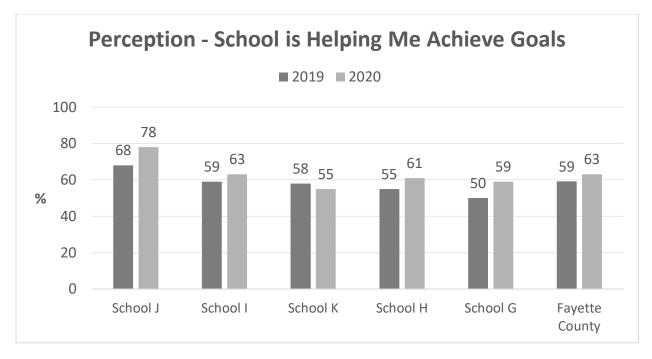


Figure 40. My school is helping me achieve goals that matter to me – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

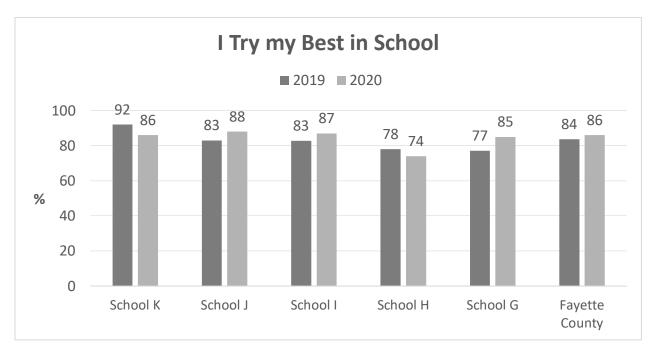


Figure 41. I try my best in school – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

		School K (%)		School G (%)		School I (%)		School H (%)		School J (%)		Fayette County (%)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	
I find school pointless	16	25	34	19	29	16	21	13.2	18	15	25	17	
I am bored at school	48	55	65	43	53	49	39	46	38	43	50	47	
I feel I do not put enough effort into my schoolwork	15	18	24	23	22	21	9	24	19	15	20	20	
I find schoolwork too difficult	34	35	39	26	30	32	21	18	28	30	31	30	
I feel bad at school	24	21	33	20	26	23	22	16	24	19	26	21	
I want to change schools	25	27	28	22	26	15	24	11	19	9	25	17	
I do not get along with my teachers	15	17	24	13	18	12	18	11	18	6	18	12	

Table 11. Attitude to school and studies? ("Applies Almost Always to Me" + "Applies Often to Me") (%)

	School K (%)		School G (%)		School I (%)		School H (%)		School J (%)		Fayette County (%)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Because of illness	70	32	66	52	66	46	69	29	60	37	66	42
Because you "skipped" or "cut" classes	6	8	27	11	15	11	30	9	16	10	16	10

Table 12. "School absenteeism in last 30 days (1+ days)" (%)

Results: Leisure time

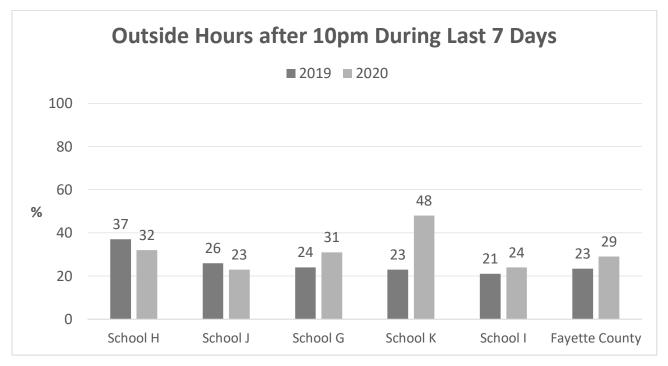


Figure 42. Outside after 10pm in the last 7 days - "at least twice a week"

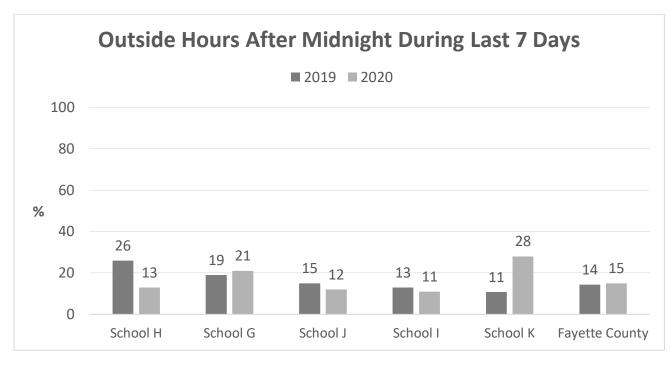


Figure 43. Outside after midnight in the last 7 days - "Once or more often"

Table 13. How many times a week do you participate in any of the following out-of-school activities that are supervised by adults?- (%) (2 times a week or more often)

	School K (%)		School G (%)			School I (%)		School H (%)		School J (%)		Fayette County (%)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	
Sports or sports teams (swim team, soccer, football, dance)	57	54	40	41	40	31	65	24	48	36	45	36	
Religious Organizations (e.g. youth group, go to church)	17	11	13	16	29	23	24	12	40	27	26	20	
Art, Drama, or musical instrument (band) classes	10	10	24	16	22	10	60	22	30	21	23	13	
Volunteering in the Community	8	6	6	14	14	6	15	6	13	11	12	8	
Go to a community center like "Boys and Girls Club" or another such After-school program	6	6	4	7	7	3	19	3	13	6	8	4	
Other	38	17	34	20	31	21	36	19	35	26	34	21	

Table 14. Unsupervised leisure time, once per week or more? - (%)

	School K (%)		School G (%)		School I (%)		School H (%)		School J (%)		Fayette County (%)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
Hang out at a friend's home with no adult present	5	11	11	6	11	12	6	3	14	4	10	9
Hang out with friend's in a local parking lot	2	5	12	7	5	7	0	0	5	2	5	5
Hang out with friends in a field or wooded area	4	4	11	16	9	12	0	3	9	3	8	9
Hang out with friends in a local mall, shopping center, or downtown stores	8	5	10	9	13	12	11	0	9	1	11	7
Hang out with friends at a nearby school when school is closed	8	7	12	7	6	5	6	0	10	1	8	5
Hang out with friends in an abandoned building or empty house	3	2	10	6	5	4	0	0	4	0	5	3

Results: Community

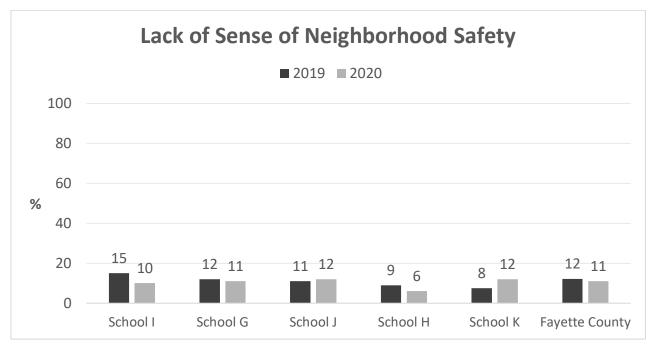


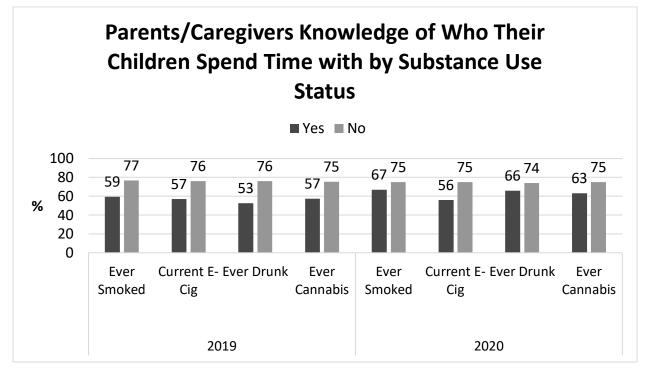
Figure 44. I feel safe in my neighborhood - "Almost Never + Rarely"

Table 15. Neighborhood/community lack of cohesion. How likely or unlikely is it that your neighbors would do something if...? – ("Rather unlikely" + "Very unlikely") (%)

	School K (%)		School G (%)		School I (%)		School H (%)		School J (%)		Fayette County (%)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020
the kids in the neighborhood were skipping school and hanging around	46	49	45	50	42	41	50	53	42	53	43	46
the kids were doing graffiti on houses in the area	35	28	33	39	35	32	48	32	35	37	35	33
the kids disrespected the adults	34	33	28	32	30	30	52	26	53	40	52	32
if a fight broke out in front of your house	39	34	29	38	32	33	38	38	37	42	34	36
somebody was breaking into a car or a house on your street	34	24	25	36	30	32	45	29	37	37	32	32

		School K (%)		School G (%)		School I (%)		School H (%)		School J (%)		Fayette County (%)	
	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	
There is a great deal of social life available in my neighborhood/ community	67	64	66	65	61	65	57	60	65	73	63	66	
It is good to live in my neighborhood/ community	83	76	75	74	74	83	67	91	79	89	76	82	
In the future I would like to continue to live in the neighborhood/ community that I live in at this present time	61	48	47	43	49	50	45	59	59	52	53	49	

Table 16. Neighborhood/community ties... – ("Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree") (%)



Section 3. Risk and Protective Factors and Relationships to Outcomes Parents/Caregivers

Figure 45. Parents/caregivers know whom I am with in the evenings – "Applies very well to me"

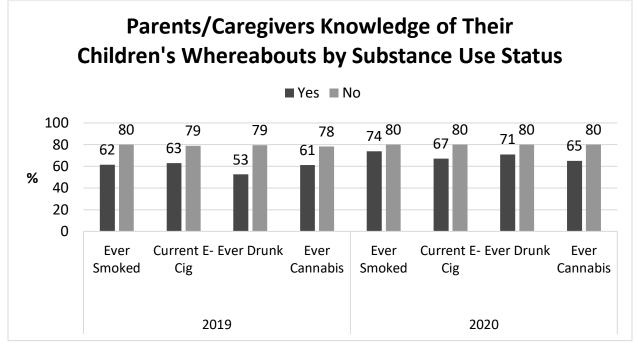


Figure 46. Parents/caregivers knowledge of student location in the evenings – "Applies very well to me"



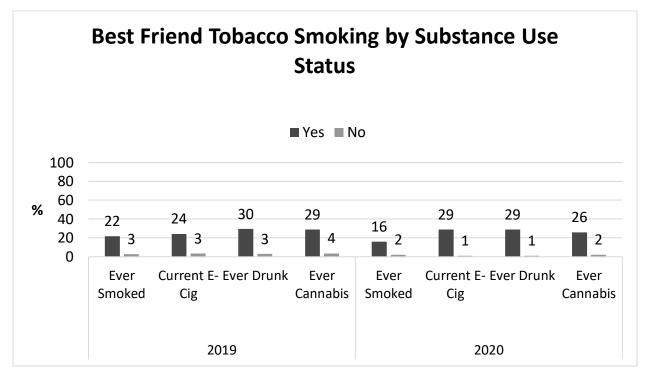


Figure 47. Best friend smokes tobacco on a daily basis by substance use status – "Yes"

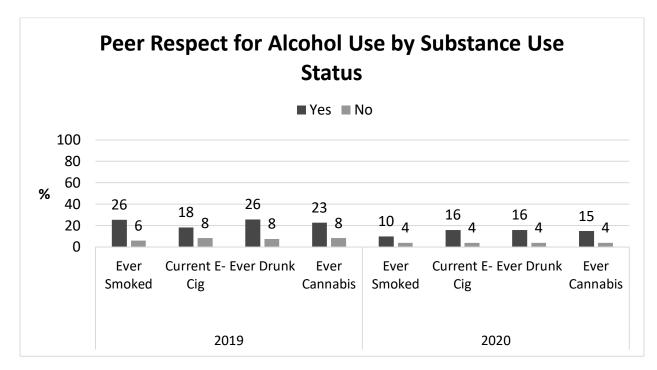


Figure 48. The following things are important for me to do in order to gain respect from my peers – Drink Alcohol, by substance use status - "Increases respect a lot" + "Increases respect somewhat"



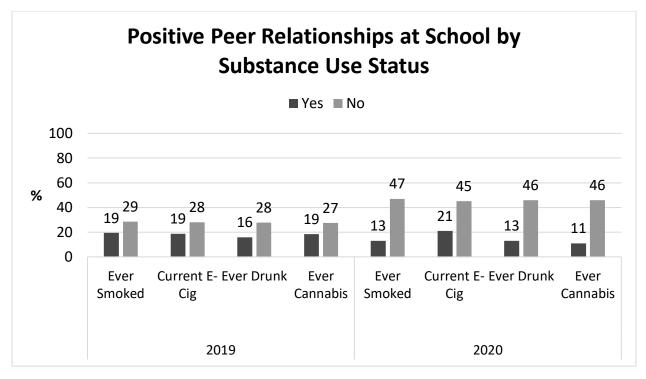


Figure 49. The students at my school are nice to each other by substance use status – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"

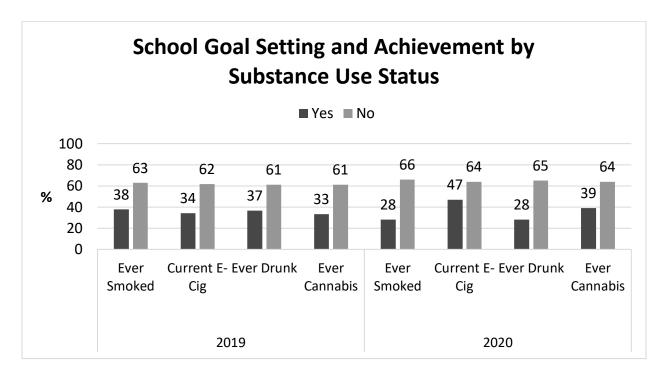


Figure 50. My school is helping me achieve goals that matter to me by substance use status – "Strongly Agree" + "Somewhat Agree"



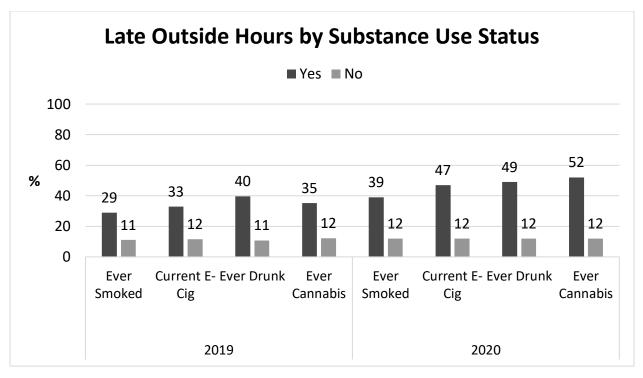


Figure 51. Students who are outside after midnight by substance use status – Once or more per week

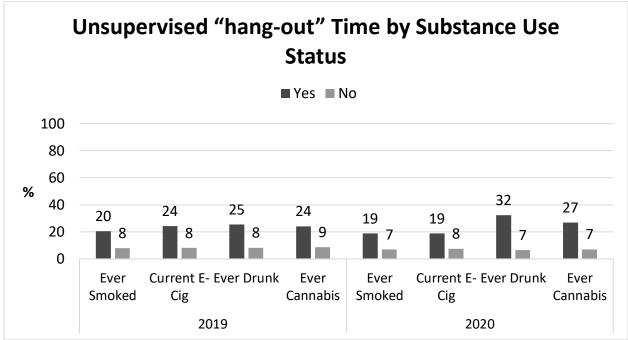


Figure 52. Students who hang out at a friend's home with no adults present by substance use status – Once or more per week



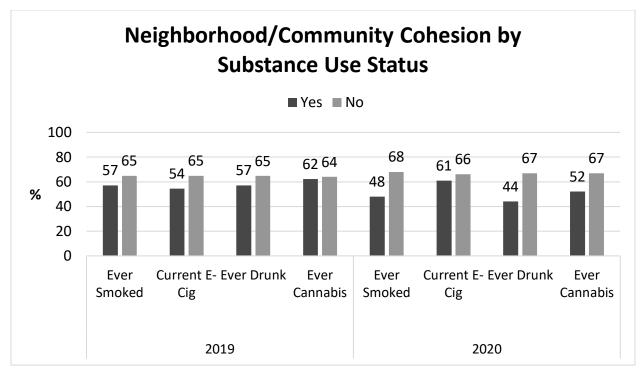


Figure 53. There is a great deal of social life available in my neighborhood/community by substance use status – "Agree Strongly" + "Somewhat Agree"

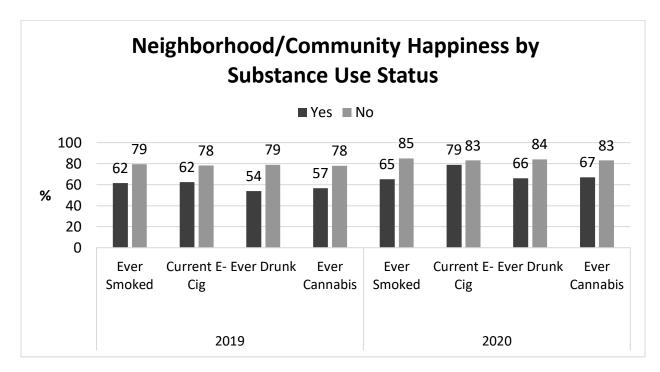


Figure 54. It is good to live in my neighborhood/community by substance use status – "Agree Strongly" + "Somewhat Agree"

Section 4. Impact of COVID-19

Table 17. Frequency of students who personally knew anyone who has been sick with COVID-19 by school.

Do you personally know anyone who has been sick with COVID-19 (Corona Virus)?	School K (%)	School G (%)	School I (%)	School H (%)	School J (%)	Fayette County (%)
Me	8	No response	3	2	3	3
Parent/Caregiver	3	No response	3	5	5	3
Another Family Member	23	No response	21	20	22	19
Friend	8	No response	8	5	18	8
Someone else	23	No response	22	15	28	20

Table 18. Frequency of students who personally knew someone who died from COVID-19 by school.

Do you personally know someone who died from COVID-19?	School K (%)	School G (%)	School I (%)	School H (%)	School J (%)	Fayette County (%)
Parent/Caregiver	1	No response	0	0	0	0
Another Family Member	3	No response	2	0	2	2
Friend	1	No response	1	0	1	1
Someone else	2	No response	3	0	4	3

Table 19. How true are the following statements about COVID-19? (Often True, Usually True, or Very True)

Statements regarding COVID-19	School K (%)	School G (%)	School I (%)	School H (%)	School J (%)	Fayette County (%)
I worry about getting COVID-19.	28	No response	37	51	39	37
I try to protect myself and others from COVID-19 (e.g., hand washing, wearing a mask, social distancing)	66	No response	78	83	81	76
I try to follow the COVID-19 rules	65	No response	83	83	84	79
My parents/caregivers worry a great deal about COVID-19	52	No response	75	71	69	68
My parents/caregivers make me take COVID- 19 precautions (e.g., hand washing, wearing a mask, social distancing)	66	No response	80	80	79	77
My parents/caregivers try to follow the COVID-19 protection rules	66	No response	85	89	85	81
My school/teachers worry a great deal about COVID 19	77	No response	86	91	90	85
My school/teachers make me take COVID- 19 precautions (hand washing, social distancing, staying at home)	76	No response	85	94	85	84
My school/teachers try to follow the COVID-19 protection rules	75	No response	90	91	92	87
My friends worry about getting COVID- 19	40	No response	67	67	60	60
My friends try to follow the COVID-19 protection rules	60	No response	79	85	80	76

Table 20. How true are the following statements about COVID-19? (Often True, Usually True, or Very True)

Statements about family regarding COVID-19	School K (%)	School G (%)	School I (%)	School H (%)	School J (%)	Fayette County (%)
Because of COVID-19 my family has less money	13	No response	13	23	15	14
Because of COVID-19 my family has more arguments	11	No response	15	14	17	14
Because of COVID-19 people in my family are stressed	33	No response	33	43	24	32
Because of COVID-19 I am stressed	29	No response	32	29	32	31
Because of COVID-19 I am lonely	24	No response	25	14	36	26
Because of COVID-19 I am bored	60	No response	56	43	57	56
Because of COVID-19 I am sad	28	No response	24	14	25	24
Because of COVID-19 I am angry	29	No response	20	23	23	23